Janu[illegible] 17, 1750-1. THE Numb. 3.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE, *for July*, 1750.

Some Account of HANNAH SNELL, *the* Female Soldier.

HANNAH SNELL, was born in Fryer-ſtreet, Worceſter, April 1723. Her Father was a Hoſier and Dyer, and Son to Lieut. Snell who was at the taking of Namur, in the Reign of King William, and afterwards ſerved in Queen Anne's Wars.

When her Father and Mother, who by their Induſtry brought up three Sons and ſix Daughters, died, Hannah ſet out for London, where ſhe arrived on Chriſtmas Day, 1740, and reſided ſome Time with her Siſter, who had married one Gray, a Carpenter, and lived in Wapping. Here ſhe became acquainted with James Summs, a Dutch Sailor, to whom ſhe was married in 1743; but he treated her with great Inhumanity, and left her when ſeven Months with Child, which dying at ſix Months old, ſhe decently buried it. She put on a Suit of her Brother-in-law's Apparel, on Nov. 23, 1745, left her Siſter without communicating her Deſign, and went to Coventry, where ſhe enliſted herſelf in Guiſe's Regiment of Foot, and march'd with it to Carliſle. Here her Serjeant, whoſe Name was Davis, having a criminal Inclination for a young Woman, applied to Hannah to aſſiſt him. Hannah went to the Girl, but inſtead of executing his Commiſſion, warn'd her to avoid him. This Inſtance of Virtue, ſo uncommon in a Soldier, created an intimate Friendſhip between them; and Davis finding them together, and being unexpectedly repulſed, became jealous of Hannah, and to gratify his Revenge, accuſed her of Neglect of Duty to the commanding Officer, and ſhe was ſentenced to receive 600 Laſhes, 500 ſhe did receive, having her Hands tied up to the Caſtle Gate; but by the Interceſſion of ſome Officers, the other Hundred was remitted. Soon after this Whipping, a Recruit was brought to the Regiment who had ſeen her at her Siſter's, and by whom ſhe fear'd ſhe ſhould be known. This Circumſtance, with the ill Treatment ſhe ſtill received from the Serjeant, induced her to deſert; and her female Friend having furniſh'd her with ſome Money, ſhe ſet out on Foot for Portſmouth, and exchanged Cloaths with ſome People who were cutting Peaſe near Carliſle. At Portſmouth ſhe enliſted in Fraſer's Marines, and a Draught being made for Boſcawen's Fleet, ſhe as one of them went on board the Swallow Sloop, Capt. Roſier. Lieut. Wyegate of the Marines, obſerving Hannah to be expert at Waſhing and dreſſing Victuals, took her into the Officers Meſs. She was regarded as a Boy, and in caſe of an Engagement, her Station was on the Quarter-deck, to fight at ſmall Arms, and ſhe was one of the after Guard; ſhe was alſo obliged to keep Watch every four Hours Night and Day, and frequently to go aloft.

The Swallow being in great Diſtreſs, in two violent Storms, Hannah worked at the Pump in her Turn, and the Ship at laſt putting into Gibraltar, ſhe there attended Lieut. Wyegate, at his Lodgings, during a dangerous Illneſs.

From Gibraltar they proceeded to the Madeiras and the Cape of Good Hope. During this Paſſage they were reduced to ſhort Allowance, and but a Pint of Water a Day: Here they joined the Admiral in the Namure, and the reſt of the Fleet, which proceeded on their Expedition, and Hannah ſoon after ſignalized herſelf at the Attempt on the Iſland of St. Mauritius.

From St. Mauritius they ſailed to St. Davids, where Hannah, with the reſt of the Marines, joined the Engliſh Army, that was encamped, after a March of three Weeks, before Aria Coupan, which was to have been ſtormed, if a Shell had not blown up their Magazine, and obliged the beſieged to abandon it.

They proceeded with the Army to Pondicherry, before which they lay eleven Weeks, and were great Part of the Time up to the Middle in Water, without Bread, and expoſed to a terrible Fire from the Forts. An Attack was at length made, in which Hannah having fired 37 Rounds, received a Ball in the Groin, ſix Wounds in one Leg, and five in the other.

The Siege being raiſed, ſhe was ſent to the Hoſpital at Cuddylorum, to have her Wounds dreſs'd, but ſhe extracted herſelf the Ball from her Groin with her Finger and Thumb, after ſhe had endured a moſt violent Pain for two Days, and always dreſs'd it herſelf. In about three Months ſhe recovered, and was put on board the Tartar Pink, and when the Fleet came from Madraſs, was turned over to the Eltham, Capt. Lloyd, with whom ſhe ſailed to Bombay.

Here the Captain being on Shore, one Night on her Watch Mr. Allen, who had the Command of the Ship, deſired her to ſing; ſhe excuſed herſelf not being well; but he abſolutely commanding her to ſing, ſhe as abſolutely refuſed, alledging, that to ſing was no Part of a Soldier's Duty, and that he had no Authority to require it. He, fond to ſhew his Power, cauſed Hannah to lie in Irons five Days, then to receive a Dozen Laſhes at the Gangway *; and ſent her to the Foretop Maſt Head for four Hours: This Injuſtice of his, did not however go unpuniſh'd, for as they were unrigging the Ship, after her Arrival in England, one of the Sailors let a Block fall upon his Head, which hurt him greatly, and endanger'd his Life.

She was on board the Eltham in the Hurricane, in which the Namur, the Pembroke, and other Ships, were loſt: And coming to Liſbon, on her Return, ſhe went often on Shore with the Men, and entered readily into Schemes of Pleaſure, to prevent Suſpicion; ſhe was of a Party that went to an Iriſh Houſe to drink Wine. At the Door of this Houſe was ſitting an Engliſh Sailor, who had lately come from Genoa in a Dutch Ship, and was known to ſome of Hannah's Company: This Man was taken into the Party, and each one beginning to relate his Adventures, Hannah enquired if he knew one Summs, a Dutch Man; the Stranger immediately replied, that he knew him well, and that he was executed at Genoa, for giving a Genoeſe a mortal Stab with his Knife; that he viſited him in Priſon, where he expreſſed great Remorſe for ill treating his Wife whom he left in England.

Hannah heard his Relation, without diſcovering any extraordinary Emotion; and ſoon after arrived at Portſmouth, where the Houſe being full ſhe was obliged to accept of a Male Bedfellow, and lay three Nights with two different Men, one of them her Ship-mate on board the Eltham; but conducted herſelf with ſo much Caution, that her Sex was not ſuſpected. Here ſhe fell in Company with her Female Friend, for whoſe Sake ſhe had been whipp'd at Carliſle. This Girl was then ſingle, and remembring Hannah, wou'd have married her, but as ſhe did not chuſe to diſcover herſelf, nor rudely to refuſe the Favour, ſhe defer'd it 'til ſhe had been at London and receiv'd her Money. She accordingly came to London ſoon afterwards, and when in Company with her Fellow-adventurers, after receiving their Pay, and ſhe was about to part with them for ever, ſhe diſcovered her Sex, that they might be Witneſſes of the Truth of her Adventures. One of them, who had been her Bedfellow, immediately offered her Marriage, which ſhe refuſed.

She wears Man's Cloaths, a lac'd hat, and Cockade, Sword and Muſkets, and is not to alter the military Dreſs, 'til further Orders from the Duke.

For a Supply of ready Money, ſhe has been induced to ſing a Song and perform the Military Exerciſe at Goodman's-Fields-Wells; which is alluded to in the Concluſion of the following Verſes, publiſh'd about her.

The FEMALE SOLDIER.

HANNAH in Breeks behav'd ſo well,
That none her ſofter Sex could tell:
Nor was her Policy confounded,
When near the Mark of Nature wounded:
Which proves, what Men will ſcarce admit,
That Women are for Secrets fit.
That healthful Blood could keep ſo long,
Amidſt young Fellows hale and ſtrong,
Demonſtrates, tho' a ſeeming Wonder,
That Love to Courage truckles under.
O how her Bed-mate bit his Lips,
And mark'd the ſpreading of her Hips;
And curs'd the Blindneſs of his Youth,
When ſhe confeſs'd the naked Truth!
Her Fortitude, to no Man's Second,
To Woman's Honour muſt be reckon'd.
Twelve Wounds! 'twas half great Cæſar's Number,
That made his Corpſe the Ground encumber.
How many Men, for Heroes nurs'd,
Had left their Colours at the firſt?
'Twas thought Achilles' greateſt Glory,
That Homer roſe to ſing his Story:
And Alexander mourn'd his Lot,
That no ſuch Bard could then be got.——
But HANNAH's Praiſe no Homer needs;
She lives to ſing her proper DEEDS.

From the CRAFTSMAN, *September* 8.

Extract of a Letter from Hanover.

SIR, *Hanover, Aug.* 1, 1750.

IT is a Pleaſure to live among People, who are all in the Intereſt of Hanover: For here are no Jacobites. We love ourſelves, have no foreign Intereſt, and never think of London. Our **** is in very good Health, and is able to eat very heartily of the Herrings the Dutch catch on our Coaſt. He enjoys all the Pleaſures of Life, and can ſee the Free Play acted every Night, and not an Engliſh Man in the Houſe. Some of the Spectators, to be ſure, were born in England; but I judge of a Man's Country by his Actions; and as for the great S —— y, it is no Doubt he has been naturalized an Hanoverian. But to return to the Playhouſe; if there was a War in the Theatre here concerning the Stuarts, who would care for that? we can draw our Swords here, can't we, I hope, we may; and wear a yellow Sath too upon Occaſion. Our ****, or ****, as you call him in Engliſh, does very little to vex us: For he loves his People here in his Heart, and it is no Wonder; for does not a King love his natural Subjects? juſt as a Father loves his own Children; we don't care ſo much for other People's Children; let the

---

* She prevented a Diſcovery of her Sex, by tying an Handkerchief round her Neck, and ſpreading the Ends of it over her Breaſts. When ſhe was whipped at Carliſle, ſhe was not ſo full, and her Arms being drawn up, the Protuberance of the Breaſts was inviſible, and they were hid by her ſtanding ſo cloſe to the Gates.

be as good Children as they will, or kiſs the Rod ever ſo often. I write this Letter from a B---y Houſe, for all the Houſes here are B---y-Houſes; ſo you need not wonder they are encouraged in London. You talk of Taxes in England; why there is no Nation under the Sun has more Taxes than we have: What Taxes have you? Haven't we all your Taxes? But you muſt not be angry if I joke; I cannot help laughing at you; all Foreigners laugh at you. I'll ſwear it is mighty pleaſant, to think that you cannot bear the Taxes, and that they make us happy. What is the Reaſon you do not make (what you call) a Union between H—— and E——? I no more know why you don't like us, than why you turn'd out the French Strollers: What Harm have they done? What Harm have we done? Neither they nor we are Jacobites: The French Nation broke their Faith with the Prince of the Jacobites: And we cannot love him to be ſure; for he told the Ladies in your Country, "He would make "Scotland his H——, and Edinburg his H——."

Yours, &c.

W. De Turnup.

A Sermon preached at Cheltenham, *before a polite Audience, on* Sunday Auguſt 5, 1750. *By the Rev,* Edward Pickering Rich, *A. M. which occaſioned his being ſilenced for three Years.*

To the Would-Be moſt Reverend Dr. SNEAD.

Doctor,

IF you remember, laſt Sunday at Cheltenham I preached before you and a very polite Congregation. Thoſe of the beſt Family, moſt Wit, and moſt Beauty, have prevailed upon me to print my Sermon; and none but ſuch, I aſſure you, could have prevailed. After Sermon we received the Sacrament together; and, after that, you moſt charitably came to the Coffee-Houſe, and there openly declared, that you would ſooner have been dead (which, God knows, would have been no Loſs, but to your moſt ingenious Party) than have heard the Preacher. Now, good Doctor, was there not a Part of the Communion Service where you are to be in Charity with all the World? Repent, and go and hang thyſelf; for I never ſaw a more proud, more ill-natured, ignorant Creature in my Life.

I am

Your moſt abus'd,

but ſtill forgiving Brother,

Cheltenham, Aug. 5, 1750. *Edw. Pickering Rich.*

A PRAYER.

YE ſhall pray for Chriſt's holy Catholic Church; the Churches of England and Ireland. Pray ye likewiſe for his ſacred Majeſty King George; ſend him ſafe home from Hanover, and that he may never go there again: For their Royal Highneſſes Frederic, Prince of Wales, the Princeſs of Wales, the Duke, the Princeſſes, and all the Royal Family. Pray ye likewiſe for the two Univerſities of this Land; grant that Loyalty, Learning, and good Manners, may, in thoſe Places, always flouriſh and abound. Pray ye likewiſe for Archbiſhops and Biſhops; ſend ſome of them to be more orthodox, and more full of Faith. Bleſs both Houſes of Parliament, and ſend the Majority of them (for they greatly want it) more Honeſty and Underſtanding.

To theſe our Prayers let us add our Thankſgiving for all God's Mercies and Bleſſings, eſpecially for the Redemption of the World by Jeſus Chriſt, his bleſſed Son, and our Lord and Saviour; who hath taught us thus, in few Words, to pray:

Our Father, &c.

ECCLES. i. 2.

Vanity of Vanities, ſays the Preacher; Vanity of Vanities; all is Vanity.

THOUGH Solomon had ſweet Muſic to delight his Ear; beautiful Women, delicious Gardens, and glittering Buildings to pleaſe his Sight; exquiſite Meats and Drinks to ſatisfy his Taſte; yet you find that even Beauty (moſt beautiful of all) the richeſt, fineſt Wines; Harps ever tuned with ſweet melodious Voice, and Amarandhine Bow'rs themſelves were vain: Who then can judge ſo well as Solomon the wiſe? Who teach us better, who pleas'd every Senſe, and by Experience found, that all was vain? Try then to prove what Solomon aſſerts.

Firſt, Women, lovely Women, firſt of all in my Eſteem; but even thoſe Women I muſt prove are vain. Suppoſe they've 'Grace in all their Steps, 'Heav'n in their Eye, in all their Geſtures Dignity and Love,' as my dear Poet * elegantly ſings; yet ſtill how fleeting are thoſe Joys they give; thoſe dear high Joys that but a Moment laſt! Suppoſe they've Wit at Will, then will their Tongues for ever, ever run, and the poor Huſband deemed, nay called, a Fool.

Next then we will prove the Vanity of Wine, fallacious, falſe, intoxicating Juice. Wine, when too plentifully drank, creates Suſpicion and ſevere Miſtruſt, moſt noiſy Quarrels, and even the Blood of thoſe that erſt were Friends. Wine ſpurs us on full faſt to violate our Friend's Daughter, or our Neighbour's Wife. O, Drunkenneſs! thou Antipathy to Sight, too unpolite for ſuch an Audience here to hear thy beaſtly Name.

Next then, how vain; how very vain, to take the Dread, the Great, Almighty's Name in vain; yet the great Vulgar uſe it every Day.

Now for that mean mechanic Sin, a Lye; a Lye, that Men of Honour frequently tell, but cannot brook the Word, A LYE, again.

Leſt you now falſely judge that I am a Doctor †, grave, formal, ſour, and a Foe to Joy, know then that all ſuch Creatures I deſpiſe.

Attend, attend, and you will find I am not.

Firſt then, I greatly praiſe the Marriage ſpotleſs Bed; but then your Conſort muſt be very fair, meek, prudent, virtuous. What avails her Wealth, if you, like Saul, muſt ſee an Endor's Witch?

Such are thoſe Fools that marry ſole for Gold; ſuch every Day I ſee, and pity them.

From hence the Harlot joyleſs, unendeared, meets her rich Maſter in a Maſquerade, and gives him oft the Malady of France. Polite Diſtemper! ſuch Favours France beſtows.

But now, indulge the Bowl, drink plentifully round to CHEDWORTH's Health; but Drunkenneſs, that beaſtly Sin, abhor.

Like me, with great Sincerity ſpeak Truth, as I e'er-while moſt boldly did to Bolingbroke the wiſe; but O! the baſe, falſe Bolingbroke; falſe to his Queen, nay to his Country falſe; and would be falſe to GEORGE! but you moſt prudently truſt not his Honour.

A Hypocrite no mortal Man can know; none but a God can ſearch the double Heart.

Ingratitude is ſo monſtrous and ſo black a Crime, that none but Devils ever practiſe it.

But who comes yonder, creeping in my Sight? ——A half-ſtarved Miſer! Penny-leſs though rich; counting his ill-got Treaſure Cent. per Cent. The Man that God and Men of Spirit hate.

O! may all ſuch Miſers Heirs full ſoon enjoy their heaped-up Treaſures with a generous Mind.

Well then, all earthly Joys, you find, are vain, as I by much Experience tell you ſo; For I thoſe Vanities too oft have tried, and ſtill am able to purſue the ſame; but hope that Heaven will forbid the Thought.

Believe me, Heaven is the Place alone where great and laſting Joys are to be found; and if you aſk the Preacher, which the Way that muſt lead thither?——Fear your glorious God; all his Commandments keep, for they are laſting, pleaſant, ſweet, and full of Peace.

So to God the Father, &c.

* Milton, *in his Paradiſe Loſt,*

† *Dr.* Snead,

A Character of the late War, ſo far as regards Italy, from a Latin Work juſt liſh'd at Rome, entituled, CASTRUCCII BONAMICI *Commentarii de Bello Italico.*

'THE Subject of this Work is truly memorable, and diſtingu
'by ſuch a Variety of Fortune, that the Victors were ſome
'driven to Deſpair; the Vanquiſhed never relinquiſh'd their Hop s; th
'who had no martial Appearance, erected themſelves at once into Hero
'ference and intrepid, who ſuffered all Things, who attempted all Things,
'for the Sake of Liberty. The Defeat and Slaughter of Armies and no
'ble Commanders, the Reduction of Cities, the Conqueſt of Provin es,
'may be met with in other Hiſtories, and are indeed Events that are
'common to all Wars. But the chief Characteriſtic of this War,
'which we are writing, is, that by ſo many Battles, ſuch repeated
'Slaughters, the Powers of ſo many Kings exerted, nothing was
'accompliſhed anſwerable to the Greatneſs of ſuch Exploits: The Am-
'bition of Princes was not allayed; the Felicity of their People was not
'eſtabliſh'd: In ſhort, a vehement and cruel War was ſuddenly conclu-
'ded by ſuch a Peace, as was rather deſirable to the Lazy, and neceſſary
'to the Weary, than either commodious or honourable to the contending
'Parties on either Side.'

——This plainly ſhews, that it is not in England alone that the ſaid War, and ſubſequent Peace, have been criticis'd.

Letter from Algiers, concerning the Reception of the Engliſh Plenipotentiaries, dated July 29.

ON the 10th arrived in this Bay, from Port Mahon, four Engliſh Men of War, commanded by Commodore Keppel. An Indiſpoſition having prevented him from landing immediately, he did not come hither till the 13th. He then landed with a numerous Retinue. He was ſaluted with Cannon from the Caſtle: The Ship wherein he hoiſted his Flag anſwered with the ſame Number. In the Afternoon Mr. Keppel, and Mr. Stanyford, the Britiſh Conſul, veſted as well as the former with the Quality of Miniſter Plenipotentiary, went with a great Retinue to the Audience of the Dey; at which they communicated their full Powers, and preſented him with a Letter from the King their Maſter, which was receiv'd with the utmoſt Reſpect: But as the leaſt Circumſtances in this Country are apt to occaſion Difficulties, there aroſe at this Audience two: The one was Mr. Stanyford's wearing a Sword, a Diſtinction which the Dey pretended belonged only to Mr. Keppel; and the other was in reſpect to the Time of Day when the Plenipotentiaries went to have their Audience, which was in the Afternoon, the Time, it ſeems, when thoſe who wait upon the Dey have the Liberty of ſitting in his Preſence. The Dey, under Pretence of Mr. Stanyford's wearing his Sword, cauſed it the next Day to be told to the Plenipotentiaries, that, if they had any Thing further to offer, they muſt appear at the ordinary Audience, which begins at Day-break, and ends at half an Hour after Nine in the Morning, during which Time the Dey ſits at his Gate upon a Stone Bench covered with a Lion's Skin, at the Bottom of a great Court, ſmoaking a long Pipe; and this is all the Majeſty which the King of Algiers takes upon him when he determines Diſputes of all Kinds, and hears every body who preſent themſelves, even the Slaves. Mr. Keppel and Mr. Stanyford determined not to have an Audience at this common Time; wherefore the Dey was obliged to deſiſt from thoſe two Difficulties. Nothing however has yet been done in regard to their Commiſſion, they being obliged to wait the Return of the Algerine Ambaſſador ſent to England, whoſe Report the Dey thinks fit previouſly to know. Moſt of the Conſuls of foreign Nations went to viſit Mr. Keppel; but the French Conſul excuſed himſelf, alledging that he knew the Commodore expected the Title of Excellence, which it was not in his Power to give him, becauſe the French Commodores did never take that Title upon them.

Poſnania, in Poland, Aug. 11. A prodigious Quantity of Locuſts has appeared in the Neighbourhood of Novogrodeck, which within 4 Days devour'd all the Fruits of the Earth, and even the Leaves of the Trees, and having nothing more to ſubſiſt on, went off in two Flights, one towards Woynitz, and the other toward Ynowadiſlow.

Copenhagen, Aug. 8. His Daniſh Majeſty was on the 6th Inſtant preſent at the Trial of a new Cannon, contrived for quick firing, and larger than thoſe commonly uſed in that Way. The Secret of the Engineer conſiſting chiefly in his Manner of charging the Piece through an Opening behind, he had planted the Cannon within an Incloſure of Boards, that the Effect might be viſible to all, but the Way of working not be ſeen. The King with ſome Officers went into the Incloſure, and after about 20 Diſcharges with great Rapidity, the looſe Powder by ſome Accident taking Fire, about 40 Cartridges blew up, by which the King had his Hair ſinged, his Attendants were ſcorched, and a Cadet attending the Engineer was ſo burnt that he died the ſame Night. His Majeſty did not blame the Engineer, but ſhewed himſelf to the People, and declared that he was not hurt.

The Plague makes terrible Havock in the Kingdom of Fez, having carried off above 30,000 Perſons; one Third of the Inhabitants of Tangier have died of it.

Hanover Aug. 22. Ten Days ago, M. Zwiegelt, and M. Freychapel, both of them Lords of the Bedchamber, quarrelled as they came from attending the King at Supper, on which M. Freychapel challenged the other; and

and next Morning they fought in a Wood, when M. Zwiegelt received two slight Wounds and a third through the Body, of which he died; immediately M. Freychapel, and his Second, a Lieut. Colonel of the Lifeguards fled, and tho' pursued got off; the other's Second, a Major of the Lifeguards, is put under Arrest. The King, upon strong Sollicitations, has pardoned the two Seconds; but M. Freychapel, hearing that his Places were disposed of, is retired to Berlin.

Amsterdam, Sept. 8. Our Merchants complain very much that the City of Hamburg has permitted an English Ship laden with Herrings to unload in the Harbour of that Port, pretending, that it is a Breach of Convention between that City and the Subjects of the Republick. It is assured, that their High Mightinesses have heard these Complaints very favourably, and have sent Orders to their Ministry in Conformity thereto.

Paris, Sept. 11. Our Advices from Madrid continue to render it highly probable, that the Infant Don Lewis will speedily throw away his Cardinal's Hat, and also cast off his two Wives, (the Archbishoprick of Toledo and Seville) whom he espoused in his Minority; though it is not yet clear, whether he designs to part with their Fortunes, which are far more lovely and engaging than their Persons; at least not 'till he gets a new Wife, with a Crown into the Bargain. However it be, they say, that the Pope has already been applied to for a Dispensation to enable this young Prince to become a Layman again; which we presume may with greater Reason be granted, than there was for allowing him to be made a Cardinal and an Archbishop, when he was scarce able to distinguish his Right-hand from his Left.

LONDON,

Sept. 8. Last Month arrived Capt. Bowes from Antigua, where he caught, with a Hook and Line, a Shark 16 Feet long, which had in its Paunch a whole Firkin of Butter, not a Hoop broke, nor the Head started.

On the 23d of August, a Quarter before Seven in Morning was felt in Nottinghamshire, a violent Shock of an Earthquake, which shaked People in Bed and made the Windows jar. It was perceived at Nottingham, Retford, Scofton, Tuxford. &c. &c. and seem'd to tend N. by E. That Morning and all the Day was very calm, not any Wind, and the Sky was very clear and serene, a bright Sun-shine.——A very remarkable Aurora Borealis, was seen about 10 Days before, that met together in a Point at the Zenith, and appeared very red.

On Wednesday the 29th of August, at Seven in the Morning, was decided at Newmarket, a remarkable Wager for 1000 Guineas, laid by Theobald Taaff, Esq; against the E. of March and Lord Eglinton, who were to provide a Four-wheel Carriage with a Man in it, to be drawn by four Horses, 19 Miles in an Hour; which was performed in 53 Minutes and 27 Seconds.---The Pole was small but lapp'd with fine Wire; the Perch had a Plate underneath, two Cords went on each Side, from the back Carriage to the fore Carriage, fastened to Springs: The Harness was of thin Leather covered with Silk; the Seat for the Man to sit on, was of Leather Straps, and covered with Velvet; the Boxes of the Wheels were Brass, and had Tins of Oil to drop slowly for an Hour: The Breechens for the Horses were Whalebone; the Bars were small Wood, strengthened with Steel Springs, as were most Parts of the Carriage, but all so light, that a Man could carry the Whole with the Harness; being but CC and a Half. The near fore Horse was a brown one, named Tawney, late Greville's; the off fore Horse was a dark Grey, named Roderick Random, late Mr. Stanford's; the near Wheel Horse was a Chesnut, named Chance, late Duke Hamilton's, and the off Wheel Horse a Grey, named Little Dan, late Parson Thompson's, of Beverley, and each had a Rider; Lord March's Groom sat in the Carriage.---Two or three other Carriages had been made before, but disapproved; and several Horses killed in Trials---to the Expence of 6 or 700 l.

The following Extract of a Letter from an Officer in Col. Herbert's Regiment, from Scotland, dated August 30, will in some Measure account for the menacing Behaviour of the Highlanders, against the Officers of the Army, &c.

"On the 13th Instant, three Men belonging to our Regiment, viz. two Englishmen and a Highlander, who were some Time since sentenced to Death by a Court-Martial, for Desertion, were brought to the Place appointed for their Execution, and the Regiment being drawn up round them, the File of Musqueteers appointed to do the Execution, were also drawn up, when just at that Instant a Reprieve came for the two Englishmen, 'til further Orders; but the Highlander was shot to Death pursuant to his Sentence. This immediately caused a great Disturbance among the Highlanders, which was that Night followed by several Letters to Col. Herbert, and Lieutenant-Colonel Gray, threatening to murder them, and several others, and to burn the Houses where they quartered, declaring, at the same Time, that they would be revenged on every Englishman they met; accordingly, on the 18th they met with one Connelli, a Soldier of our Regiment, whom they most inhumanly murdered, mangling the Body in a vile Manner. On the 20th they met with two other Englishmen, whom they cut in a most terrible Manner, and would have killed them, had not the two Englishmen behaved with uncommon Bravery, and defended themselves so well, that the Villains thought proper to leave them Conquerors: Since which one of the Highlanders has been taken for the above Affair, and two others on Suspicion of the Murder. It is said some other Letters have been sent to the Guard-House, threatening to murder all they met there, and set Fire to the same; upon which a double Guard is kept, and a Patrole in the Night is constantly fixed about the Guard-house and the Officers Quarters; notwithstanding which, they behave very daringly, and, it is feared, that their Behaviour will be attended with worse Consequences than they may, at present, imagine.---They now bring a great many People in for wearing the Highland Dress."

London, Sept. 15. On Saturday Night last, about the Hour of Twelve, as two Men, Rivals in the Affection of an industrious Woman, who *trades upon her own Bottom* (in the low Way) about the French 'Change Soho, were carousing with their Dulcienna at a Gin-Shop, a Dispute arose between them who should be the happy Man for that Night, which could not be settled by Words, and therefore a Battle was the Consequence; which was maintained with great Severity on both Sides for the Space of 20 Minutes, when they were parted by the Advice of a Gentleman of Reputation in the Boxing World, who was accidentaly passing by; otherwise it is thought they would have died on the Spot rather than give out.——The By-Standers agreed that it was no Sham Battle; and their Conjecture was right, for one of them died Yesterday Morning, and the other is not expected to survive three Days.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 17.

The *Charming Polly*, from *Barbados*, belonging to *Patowmack*, with 30 Hogsheads of Rum, and 40 Barrels of Sugar is cast away, at *Occocock* Inlet, in *North-Carolina*: The People all sav'd.

Williamsburg, Jan. 17, 1750.

WHEREAS the following Proclamation was issued during the Stop that was put to the *Gazettes*, and whereas only *Low Jackson* is yet taken and in Custody, and the other Three were seen lately (as is apprehended) in *Cumberland* County; to the End therefore it may be more publickly known, it is here reprinted: And whereas *Edward Rumney*, in his Way hither from *Maryland*, in order to his Trial on this Charge, made his Escape out of the Goal of *Fairfax* County; I think I may venture to say, the President and Council will be willing to add considerably to the Reward for taking him, if brought to his Trial in *April* next.

John Blair.

Virginia, ss.

THOMAS LEE, Esq; President of His Majesty's Council, and Commander in Chief, of the Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*.

To all to whom these Presents shall come. Greeting.

WHEREAS *Low Jackson*, of the County of *Nansemond*, Silver-Smith, a young Man, about 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, his Face full of red Carbuncles, wearing grey Cloaths trimm'd with Black, is charged upon Oath with coining, counterfeiting, and uttering many base double Double-Loons; and is fled from Justice, in Company with his Two Brothers, *John Jackson*, a tall young Man, by Trade a Watch-maker, his Face pretty red, usually wearing blue Cloaths, with Scarlet laced Waistcoat; and *James Jackson*, a Black-smith by Trade, a Man, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, aged about 19 or 20 Years, pale-faced, of a black Complection, usually wearing grey Cloaths trimm'd with Black, and understands a little of the Silver-smiths Trade; who are strongly suspected of being concerned in the said Treason. The Three Brothers are all of a slim Make.

And whereas *Edward Rumney*, aged about 40 Years, of a middle Size, full-faced, black Complection, smooth Tongue, and free of Speech, much addicted to playing at Billiards, and Gaming, is also charged, upon Oath, with aiding and assisting the said *Low Jackson* in the said Treason; he went from hence about a Month ago towards *Maryland*, having on a fine Janes Coat and Breeches, of a Lead Colour, gilt Buttons, the Coat made Frock Fashion, with slash Sleeves; he generally wore a Cap, but had a pale bob Wig, rode away on a small grey Horse, about 13 Hands high, which he valued as a Racer: He formerly kept a Tavern at *Annapolis*.

THESE are therefore, in His Majesty's Name, to command and require all Sheriffs, Constables, and other His Majesty's Liege People, within this Colony, to make diligent Search and Pursuit, by Way of Hue and Cry, within their several Bailiwicks and Precincts, after the said Low Jackson, John Jackson, James Jackson, *and* Edward Rumney; *and them or any of them having found, to apprehend and carry before the next Justice of the Peace, that they may be dealt with according to Law; and I desire the Governors of the neighbouring Colonies and Provinces, to be assisting in bringing the said Offenders to Justice, hereby promising a Reward of Fifty Pounds for apprehending the said* Low Jackson, *Twenty Pounds for the said* John Jackson, *Twenty Pounds for the said* James Jackson, *and Twenty Pounds for the said* Edward Rumney.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Seal of the Colony, at Williamsburg, *this Fifteenth Day of* August, 1750, *in the Twenty Fourth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord King* GEORGE *the Second.*

THOMAS LEE, *P.*

Virginia, ss.

At the Council Chamber, *Whitehall*, the 2d of *August*, 1750.

PRESENT,

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices,

Archbishop of *Canterbury*, Lord Chancellor. Lord Privy Seal, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer,

Lord President, Mr. Speaker, Master of the Rolls, *William Pitt*, Esq; *Henry Fox*, Esq; Sir *John Ligonier*, *Henry Legge*, Esq;

THEIR Lordships with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, were pleas'd to Order and Direct, That the present Indulgence to His Majesty's Subjects in *Virginia*, in allowing them to pay their Quit-rents in Silver, at the Rate of Seventeen and a Half-penny Weight for Five Shillings, or in Tobacco, at One Penny *per* Pound, &c, and it is hereby Revoked, and Ordered to be discontinued; and that for the future, the Officers of the said Revenue do demand and receive in Lieu thereof, One *English* Shilling for every Fifty Acres of Land, being the Quit-rents reserved in every Grant; but if that cannot be had, then they do demand and receive the same in *Spanish* Silver, at the Rate of Nineteen Penny Weight for every Five Shillings; or if such Quit-rents be paid in Tobacco, such Tobacco shall be allowed for, at the Rate of Three Farthings only *per* Pound; and the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Colony of *Virginia* for the Time being, as likewise the Receiver General of His Majesty's Quit-rents for the Time being, in the said Colony, and all others whom it may concern, are required to take Notice hereof, and yield due Obedience hereto in all Particulars accordingly:

I DO therefore in His Majesty's Name, command all Sheriffs and Officers concerned in collecting His Majesty's Revenue of Quit-rents, to demand and receive One English *Shilling for every Fifty Acres of Land; but if that cannot be had, that they demand and receive the same in* Spanish *Silver, at the Rate of Nineteen Penny Weight for every Five Shillings, or if such Quit-rents be paid in Tobacco, they shall allow for such Tobacco, only Three Farthings per Pound: And I do hereby further command all Sheriffs, and other Officers, to publish the Order above-mentioned, at the next Court held for their respective Counties, after this Proclamation is delivered to them, that all Persons may render due Obedience thereto.*

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Seal of the Colony this 24th Day of December, *in the 24th Year of his Majesty's Reign,* Annoque Domini, 1750.

LEWIS BURWELL.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Court of *Henrico*, The building of a Court-House for the said County, in the Town of *Richmond*, is to be agreed for, on *Tuesday* the 5th of *February* next. Any Persons who incline to undertake the same, are desired to meet at the House of *Abraham Cowley*, in the said Town.

THIS is to give Notice to all Gentlemen and Ladies, That on the 29th and the 29th Instant, I intend to have an Assembly at my Dwelling-House, in *Norfolk* Town. Where all Gentlemen and Ladies, who will favour me with their good Company, may depend on kind Entertainment. Tickets to be had as usual, from

Their most humble Servant,

Edward Dial.

THE Snow *Pelham*, *George Yuille* Master, now lying in *York* River, is ready to take in Tobacco to any Merchant in *London*, at the Rate of Seven Pounds *per* Ton. Gentlemen inclinable to ship are desired to leave their Orders with Mr. *Montgomery* at *York*, Mr. *Archibald Gordon* at *Newcastle*, or with the Master on board the Snow, at *Holt's*.

N. B. The above Snow has a Charter of 320 Hogsheads: The Notes to be [illegible]'d to the Master before the 1st of *February*; and carries no more than 400 Hogsheads.

The *VIRGINIA* ALMANACK,

For the Year of our Lord 1751,

TO be SOLD, at the *Printing-Office*, in *Williamsburg*. Price 5 *s. per* Dozen, or 7½ *d.* each.

SEveral Persons having lately enquired at the *Printing-Office* for Mr. *Webb's Office of a Justice*, when there were none to be sold, may now be supplied, on early Application.

STOLEN or stray'd from *Williamsburg*, the 30th of *October* last, a large grey Horse, branded on the off Buttock D, has a black Spot on the off Side of his Neck, a Switch Tail, not dock'd, paces a Foot-pace, and canters well. Whoever brings him to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *Alexander Craig*, in *Williamsburg*, shall have a Pistole Reward, paid by

Matthew Shiclas.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, living near *Williamsburg*, the Beginning of last *Fall*, Four Head of Cattel, *viz.* Three Cows, Two whereof are brindled pied, the other red; the other is a Draught Steer, red and white pied, with a White Heart in his Forehead: They are all or most Part mark'd with a Crop and Hole in the right Ear, and a Swallow-fork in the left Ear. Whoever will give Intelligence so that I may have them again, shall have Half a Pistole Reward, paid by

Samuel Spurr.

2||

WHEREAS I am going for *London*, immediately, this is therefore to desire all Persons who have any Demands against me to bring them, in order to receive Payment; and all Persons who are indebted to me, are desired to pay the same to my Attorney.

William Peck.

11

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *York* Town, the 6th of *December*, a Servant Man, named *Thomas Stone*, a Taylor by Trade, about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, very much Pockfretten. Whoever takes up and conveys the said Runaway to me, shall be rewarded according to Law.

James Mills.

STRAY'D or stolen, about two Months ago, out of Col. *Bray's* Pasture, near *Williamsburg*, a small grey Horse; he trots well and fast, has a bob'd Tail, and a very small Head, his Brand if he has any is forgot: I have been inform'd, that the said Horse was taken up by some Person in one of the adjacent Counties, who claims him, under Pretence of having advertis'd and had him valued according to Law; in which he must be mistaken, the Time allow'd not being near lapsed. Whoever will bring the said Horse to the Subscriber, or to Mr. *John Holt*, in *Williamsburg*, shall have Half a Pistole Reward.

Robert Carter Nicholas.

Just IMPORTED in the Rachael, *Capt.* Armstrong, *and to be SOLD reasonably, by the Subscriber, in* Williamsburg,

A CHOICE Assortment of Drugs and Medicines, consisting of best Jesuit's Bark, Ipecacuana, Sarsaparilla and China Roots, Verdigrease, rectified Spirit of Wine, *Anderson's* and *Lockyer's* Pills, *Bateman's* Drops, *Squire's*, *Daffy's*, and *Stoughton's* Elixirs, *&c. &c.* Also choice Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Pepper, Olives, double and single refin'd Sugars, best Raisins and Currans, fine eating Oil, in Quart Bottles, Florence ditto, in Flasks and Cases, Castile Soap, preserv'd Ginger and Citron, superfine Kitchup, Carraway Comfits, best Hyson and Green Teas.

Peter Hay.

Just IMPORTED in the Rachael, *Capt.* Armstrong, *by the Subscriber, in* Williamsburg,

A CHOICE Assortment of Drugs, Almonds, Currans, Prunes, Barley, Sugar, Brown and White Sugar Candy, Carraway Comfits, French and Pearl Barlies, Indigo, Candied Nutmegs and Ginger, Sponge, Black Soap, Green Congo and Hyson Teas, Scotch and Havanna Snuff, Salt-petre, *Squire's* and *Daffy's* Elixirs, Capers and Olives, Pepper, Allspice, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs and Cinnamon, *Stoughton's*, *Lockyer's*, and *Anderson's* Pills, *Eaton's* Balsamic Styptic, Universal Balsam, *Turlington's* Balsam, *Bateman's* Drops, Sugar Plumbs, Vermichelli, Sandiver, Borax, Crucibles, Sago, Candied Eringo, Anodyne Necklaces, Seneca and Black Snake-Root, *British* Rock-Oil, Pewter Syringes, Glyster Pipes, *&c. &c.*

George Gilmer.

TO be Sold by the Subscriber, in *Williamsburg*, Raisins of the Sun, Currans, Sweet-meats, Anchovies, Capers, Olives, Sweet Oil, Candied Ginger, Citron, Castile Soap, Marble Slabbs, Mortars, *&c. &c.*

Joseph Scrivener.

TO be Sold, on *Thursday* the 14th of *February*, a Lot in *Newcastle* Town, with a large Dwelling-House thereon, and other Improvements. Three Months Credit will be allowed, the Purchaser giving Security, as usual, to

John Shelton.

FOUND in *Williamsburg*, last *Oyer* and *Terminer* Court, a Cornelian Seal set in Gold. The Owner proving his Property may be further inform'd by applying to the Printer.

The SCHEME of a LOTTERY, at Belhaven, *in* Fairfax *County*;

THE Money arising therefrom to be applied towards building a Church, and Market-House, in the said Town; to consist of Eight Thousand Tickets, at Two Pieces of Eight each Ticket, whereof Two Thousand are to be fortunate.

Number of Prizes.		Value of each.		Total Value in Pieces of Eight.
1	of	500	is	500
1	of	400	is	400
1	of	300	is	300
2	of	200	are	400
4	of	100	are	400
6	of	75	are	450
8	of	65	are	520
14	of	40	are	560
18	of	35	are	530
25	of	20	are	500
40	of	16	are	640
100	of	10	are	1000
250	of	5	are	1250
1550	of	4	are	6120
				First drawn 12
				Last drawn 18
Prizes 2000				13600
Blanks 6000				
8000 Tickets at Two Ps. of 8 each.	Ps. of 8. 16000	From whence deduct 15 *per Cent.* for the Public Use,	is	2400
				16000 Pieces of Eight.

The Fortunate are to receive their Prizes entire, the 15 *per Cent.* being deducted from the whole Sum produc'd by the Sale of the Tickets, before the Drawing begins.

The Lottery to be under the Care and Management of Col. *George William Fairfax*, Major *Lawrence Washington*, Col. *William Fitzhugh*, Mr. *George Mason*, Mr. *William Ramsay*, Mr. *John Carlyle*, Mr. *John Dalton*, Mr. *John Farran*, Mr. *Gerrard Alexander*, Mr. *Nathaniel Chapman*, and Major *Augustine Washington*; who will dispose of the Tickets, and be on Oath, and give Bond for a faithful Discharge of their Trust.

The Whole to be regulated, as near as can be, to the Method practis'd in *England*.

The Drawing to commence on the last *Tuesday* in *May* next, in the said Town, under the Inspection of at least Five of the Managers, and in the Presence of such Adventurers as may think fit to attend.

The Money will be paid to the Possessors of the Benefit Tickets as soon as the Drawing is finish'd; of which public Notice will be given in the *Virginia Gazette*.

N. B. All Prizes not call'd for within Six Months after the Drawing is finish'd, will be deem'd as generously given, for the same Use as the 15 *per Cent.* and not to be demanded afterwards, but shall be faithfully applied thereto.

Tickets may be had of the respective Managers, or at the *Printing-Office*, in *Williamsburg*, for ready Money.

We make no Doubt but those who wish well to the Public will encourage the Design, as 'tis the first Thing of the Kind in this Colony, and is calculated purely for the Public Good, without any Views of private Interest.

IMported in the *Grizzle*, Capt. *Hamilton*, from *Glasgow*, in *February* last, a Box, mark'd with Pen and Ink R L, containing Law Books. The Owner may have it from Mr. *Hugh Blackburn*, Merchant, in *Norfolk*, on paying Freight and the Charge of this Advertisement.

N. B. Capt. *Hamilton*, gave no Bill of Loading for it.

To be SOLD,

THE Plantation on which the Subscriber lives, on *Appamattox* River, in *Prince George* County, containing about 1100 Acres of level Land, Part of which is Low Ground, about five Miles above *Bolling's* Point. On the said Plantation is a good Dwelling-House, with four Rooms, and a Kitchen, with Brick Chimneys, a Fire Place above Stairs; likewise all other necessary Outhouses, and another 32 by 16, design'd for a Dwelling-House, but unfinish'd; two large fram'd Barns, Stable, Chair-House, Crib, *&c.* a paled Garden, with many Fruit-Trees and Bushes therein, and a young bearing Apple and Peach Orchard, of 240 Trees, greatest Part of which are Apples of the best Kind. Within Half a Mile of the Dwelling-House, on said River, are two good Water-Mills, also a Bolting-Mill which works with a Water-Wheel in the same House, and all are easily attended by one Hand; they have constant Water in the driest Summers, and never in Danger of Freshes. Near these Mills is a Bakehouse, and all Convenience for Baking of Biscuit. About a Mile from the said Dwelling-House, on the said Tract, is Preparation for another Plantation, being upwards of 30,000 Corn-hills cleared, and a new Tobacco-House built.

Also 400 Acres of Land in *Amelia*, near *Mountain*-Creek, and *Fush*-River, about which Place it is thought the new Court-House (when the County is divided) will be built. Any Person who inclines to purchase, may know the Terms on applying to me on the Premisses.

Anthony Walke.

To be SOLD,

FIVE Hundred Acres of Land, lying in *Chesterfield* County, within Three Miles of *Warwick*. For further Particulars enquire of the Hon. *John Blair*, Esq; in *Williamsburg*, or of me, in *Prince George* County.

Jane Blair.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, in *Williamsburg*, last *October*, a large Bay Horse, branded on the near Buttock I B; he is supposed to be in *Clarke's* City. Whoever brings him to Mr. *James Clark*, Merchant, in *Warwick*, or to me, shall have a Pistole Reward.

James Speirs.

STRAY'D from *Hanover* Court-House, on *Saturday* the 8th of *September* last, a dark Bay Horse, with a Mixture of grey Hairs, branded on the near Buttock H. He has a remarkable white Spot just below the Brand, another on the left Side of his Neck, one of his hind Feet is white, has a Blaze in his Face, paces rough, and was bred in *Surry* County. Whoever brings him to Mr. *John Shelton* at *Hanover* Court-House, Mr. *Cooper* at *New-Kent* Court-House, Mr. *Abraham Cowley* at the Falls of *James* River, or to me in *Williamsburg*, shall have a Pistole Reward.

William Hunter.

AS I shall take the Liberty of sending this Paper to many of Mr. Parks's *Customers, whom I have not yet had an Opportunity of seeing, I hope it will be agreeable; if otherwise, that they will order the contrary.*

Those Gentlemen who have received Subscription Papers for the Gazette, *and have not yet return them, will oblige me by sending them to me, as soon as possible.*

William Hunter.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by WILLIAM HUNTER, at the POST-OFFICE; by whom Persons may be supplied with this Paper. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Three Shillings the first Week, and Two Shillings each Week after.